IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

MARCUS COLE,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Case No. CIV-12-483-JHP-KEW
CAROLYN W. COLVIN, Acting Commissioner of Social Security Administration,)))
Defendant.)

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION

This matter comes before this Court on the Motion for Relief Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b)(6) and Motion for Attorney Fees Under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) filed by Miles L. Mitzner, Counsel for Plaintiff, on June 16, 2015 (Docket Entry #24). This Motion was referred to the undersigned by Order of United States District Judge James H. Payne for the entry of a Findings and Recommendation on the disposition of counsel's Motions.

Counsel requests that he be awarded fees for legal work pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) in the amount of \$17,677.00. Counsel was employed by Plaintiff to appeal the adverse decision rendered by Administrative Law Judge presiding over the request for benefits. To that end, Counsel entered into a contract for compensation with Plaintiff, providing for the payment of a fee equal to 25% of any past due benefits ultimately awarded to Plaintiff. Such contracts are recognized as valid under the prevailing case authority. Gisbrecht v. Barnhart, 535 U.S. 789, 807 (2002).

Counsel filed this case on behalf of Plaintiff, filed the initial brief-in-chief on the issues relevant to the appeal and a

reply brief. Counsel obtained a reversal of the ALJ's decision and remand for further proceedings. Plaintiff was awarded attorneys' fees in accordance with the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA") for the efforts before this Court in the amount of \$4,097.70. On remand, Plaintiff received a favorable decision from Defendant and was awarded past due benefits in the amount of \$70,708.00.

The amount awarded to counsel for successfully prosecuting an appeal of a denial of Social Security benefits and obtaining benefits for a claimant may not exceed 25% of past due benefits. 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A). As in this case, Defendant is authorized to withhold up to 25% of the past due benefits awarded to a claimant for payment directly to the claimant's attorney. 42 U.S.C. § 406(a)(4). The Tenth Circuit Court of Appeals has determined that the 25% amount is separate and apart from the amount awarded at the agency level under 42 U.S.C. § 406(a). Wrenn v. Astrue, 525 F.3d 931, 937-938 (10th Cir. 2008). condition upon the full award of 25% is a requirement that the court review contingency fee arrangements "to assure that they yield reasonable results in particular cases." Id. at 938 (citations omitted). Counsel's requested fees do not exceed either the amount contracted for in the contingency fee agreement or the limitations of § 406(b).

Defendant does not take a position on awarding the amount requested but does advise this Court of its obligation to make an "independent check" as to the reasonableness of the award. This Court has reviewed the contemporaneous time and expense records based upon the admonishment of the Tenth Circuit to do so and finds

the time expended to be reasonable and necessary in consideration of the result obtained. Moreover, Defendant's stated concern that Counsel have been compensated by EAJA is allayed by the fact Counsel must refund the smaller of any EAJA award and the amount awarded under § 406(b) to prevent a double recovery by the attorney. Kemp v. Bowen, 822 F.2d 966, 968 (10th Cir. 1987).

Defendant also provides authority in her brief which stands for the propositions that a claimant's attorney may not recover fees under § 406(b) for preparation of a fee request and services performed outside of federal court. However, Defendant does not indicate Counsel has improperly sought compensation for either of these items.

Defendant also rightly asserts a § 406(b) request must be filed within a reasonable time. In seeking an award under § 406(b), an attorney is required to employ the provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b)(6). McGraw v. Barnhart, 450 F.3d 493, 505 (10th Cir. 2006). While relief under this rule is considered extraordinary and reserved for exceptional circumstances, substantial justice is served by permitting its use in the circumstance faced by counsel in seeking these fees. Id. To that end, any fee request pursued under § 406(b) should be filed "within a reasonable time of the Commissioner's decision awarding benefits." Id. (citation omitted).

In this case, the Notice of Award was issued by Defendant on April 19, 2015. Counsel filed the subject Motion on June 17, 2015. This Court cannot find the delay which occurred in this case warrants the draconian result of denying an award of fees.

Therefore, the request is considered timely.

IT IS THEREFORE THE RECOMMENDATION OF THIS COURT that the Motion for Relief Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b)(6) and Motion for Attorney Fees Under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) filed by Miles L. Mitzner, Counsel for Plaintiff, on June 16, 2015 (Docket Entry #24) be GRANTED and Plaintiff's counsel be awarded fees in the amount of \$17,677.00 to be paid by Defendant directly to counsel from the amount of past due benefits withheld for that purpose. In addition, Plaintiff's counsel shall refund the smaller amount between the EAJA fees already awarded and the § 406(b) fees awarded in this decision to Plaintiff. Weakley v. Bowen, 803 F.2d 575, 580 (10th Cir. 1986).

The parties are herewith given fourteen (14) days from the date of the service of these Findings and Recommendation to file with the Clerk of the court any objections, with supporting brief. Failure to object to the Findings and Recommendation within fourteen (14) days will preclude appellate review of this decision by the District Court based on the findings made herein.

DATED this 21st day of September, 2015.

KIMBERLY E. WEST

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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